Social cognitive neuroscience

Lecturer: Nicola Canessa

H: 10
Credits: 2
Semester: I
Compulsory course: A

Description

Social cognition refers to a set of neurocognitive processes underlying the individuals’ ability to “make sense of others’ behavior” as a crucial prerequisite of social interaction. Such a complex ability entails a variety of skills, ranging from decoding social information (e.g., faces and emotional expressions) and drawing inferences on others’ mental or affective states, to making decisions consistent with social norms and others’ welfare. Within social cognitive neuroscience, these processes are addressed in terms of the brain areas mediating their role in making sense of others’ behavior and planning socially appropriate actions. The first part of the course will introduce the students to these subjects in terms of cognitive processes and their modulating variables, and then with regard to the available neuroimaging evidence on their neural correlates. The second part will focus on social cognitive impairments, representing a prominent concern, or even a core facet, of several neurological conditions, such as neurodegenerative and neurodevelopmental conditions, traumatic brain injury or stroke.

Suggested readings (provided by the teacher)


Optional additional-up material


Evaluation

The evaluation will be based on an oral exam.

Calendar

February 18th, 2019 - 10:00-13:00 12:00; 14:00-16:00
February 19th, 10:00 12:00; 14:00-16:00
February 20th, 2019 10:30-12:30; 14:00-16:00

Classroom 1-15